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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/690,872	10/17/2000	Lily Barkovic Mummert	YOR920000462-US1	2932
7	590 02/27/2004		EXAMINER	
Anne Vachon Dougherty 3173 Cedar Rood			VO, LILIAN	
Yorktown Heights, NY 10598			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		2127	2
			DATE MAILED: 02/27/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	The
Office Assistant Commencer	09/690,872	MUMMERT ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
7. 1444.110.01.77	Lilian Vo	2127	
Th MAILING DATE of this communication appropried for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	i the correspond ince address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a rep within the statutory minimum of thirty ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Oc 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. ace except for formal matte		
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1 - 15 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 - 15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the conference of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11).	epted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ion is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). e) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d)	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Ap ity documents have been r ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 - 15 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1- 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Claims 1, 11, 13 and 15 recite the limitations "the capacity" and "the capacities" in page 21, lines 4 and 6, page 23, lines 5 and 8, and page 24, lines 2, lines 6 and 8, respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claims.
- 5. Claim 2 recites the limitations "the capacity", "the life expectancy" and "the system", in page 21, lines 1, 2, 4 and 7 8. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim.
- 6. Claims 3 and 4 recite the limitation "the workload", in pages 21 and 22, lines 1 -
- 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

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- 7. Claim 6 recites the limitation "the life expectance", in page 22, line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 8. Claim 12 recites the limitations "the shortest life expectancy" and "the life expectancy", in page 23, lines 3 and 6 8. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

9. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 10. Claims 1 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Proceedings of the Computer Measurement Group ("The Use of Life Expectancy to Manage Notes Domino E-Mail Storage", hereinafter CMG).
- Regarding **claim 1**, CMG teaches a method for projecting usage of computer resources for a plurality of processing systems in a processing environment (abstract) comprising the step of:

representing the capacity of each of said plurality of processing systems in units of time (page 2, col. 2, 5th paragraph and figs 1 and 2); and

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sorting the capacities of the plurality of processing systems from shortest to longest time (page 3, col. 2, 4^{th} paragraph, page 4, col. 2, 3^{rd} paragraph, page 6, col. 1, paragraphs 1-2).

12. Regarding **claim 2**, CMG teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said representing of the capacity of each of said plurality of processing systems comprises:

calculating the life expectancy of each of said resources (page 3, col. 1, paragraphs 2-5, col. 2, paragraphs 1-2);

identifying at least one critical resource having the shortest life expectancy (page 3, col. 2, paragraphs 3 - 4, page 6, col. 1, paragraphs 1 - 2); and

defining the life expectancy of the system as the life expectancy of the at least one critical resource (page 3, col. 2, paragraphs 3-4, page 4, col. 1, 1^{st} paragraph, col. 2, paragraphs 2-3, page 6, col. 1, paragraphs 1-2).

- Regarding **claim 3**, CMG teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising altering the workload on at least two of said plurality of processing systems to improve resource utilization (page 4, col. 1, paragraph 7 col. 2, paragraph 5).
- Regarding **claim 5**, CMG teaches the method of claim 3, further comprising reevaluating the usage of computer resources for the at least two of said plurality of processing systems (page 3, col. 2, 2^{nd} paragraph, page 6, col. 1, paragraphs 1-2, and figs. 2 and 6).

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15. Regarding **claim** 6, CMG teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said representing comprises plotting the life expectancy for each of N resources of processing system in an N dimensional capacity space (page 3, figs. 1 − 2).

- 16. Regarding **claim 7**, CMG teaches the method of claim 6, further comprising identifying at least one critical resource for each processing system based on its location within the N dimensional capacity space (page 3, col. 2, 4th paragraph, page 6, col. 1, paragraphs 1 2, col. 2, 3rd paragraph).
- 17. Regarding **claim 8**, CMG teaches the method of claim 6, further comprising identifying at least one available resource in said plurality of processing systems based on its location within the N dimensional capacity space (page 4, col. 1, paragraph 7 col. 2 paragraph 5).
- 18. Claims 4, 9 15 are rejected on the same ground as stated above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 19. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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20. Claims 1 – 5 and 11 – 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hartsell et al. (US Pat. Application Publication US 2003/0236745 A1, hereinafter Hartsell) in view of Chafe (US Pat. Application Publication US 2001/0054097 A1).

Regarding **claim 1**, Hartsell teaches a method for projecting usage of computer resources for a plurality of processing systems in a processing environment (page 1, paragraph 0009) comprising the step of:

representing the capacity of each of said plurality of processing systems in units of time (page 13, paragraph 0104, page 20, paragraph 0166, and pages 37 – 38, paragraph 0288).

Hartsell however did not teach the step of sorting the capacities of the plurality of processing systems. Chafe teaches a system that has a capability to provide graphical representations of estimated resource utilization calculations to have multiple views of the system data with sorted by capacity (abstract, page 2, paragraph 0038, and page 3, paragraph 0061).

It would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art to recognize the sorting feature of Chafe's system could sort the data by either ascending or descending order, in this case from shortest to longest time. It would also have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the teachings of Hartsell and Chafe to have the capability to have multiple views of the data

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with the sorting feature to suit the needs of different types of users (Chafe: page 2, paragraph 0038).

22. Regarding claim 2, Hartsell teaches the method of claim 1, wherein said representing of the capacity of each of said plurality of processing systems comprises:

calculating the life expectancy of each of said resources (page 21, paragraph 0180, fig. 5, 135);

identifying at least one critical resource having the shortest life expectancy (pages 21 - 22, paragraphs 0180 - 0181, fig. 5, 150); and

defining the life expectancy of the system as the life expectancy of the at least one critical resource (pages 21 - 22, paragraphs 0180 – 0188, fig. 5, 150, 155).

- 23. Regarding **claim 3**, Hartsell teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising altering the workload on at least two of said plurality of processing systems to improve resource utilization (page 22, paragraphs 0184 0188, fig. 5, 150, 155).
- Regarding **claim 5**, Hartsell teaches the method of claim 3, further comprising reevaluating the usage of computer resources for the at least two of said plurality of processing systems (page 20, paragraphs 0170, 0172, page 22, paragraphs 0184 0188, fig. 5).
- 25. Claims 11 15 are rejected on the same ground as stated above.

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- 26. Claim 6 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hartsell et al. (US Pat. Application Publication US 2003/0236745 A1, hereinafter Hartsell) in view of Chafe (US Pat. Application Publication US 2001/0054097 A1) and further in view of MacForlane et al (US 6,516,348 B1, hereinafter MacForlane).
- 27. Regarding **claim** 6, Hartsell and Chafe combined did not teach the additional limitation as claimed. Nevertheless, MacForlane teaches the step of calculating and predicting capacity limits of system resources in graphical presentation (col. 9, lines 14 34, col. 12, lines 6 15, 51 col. 13, lines 4).

It would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to incorporate MacForlane's teaching to the combined teachings of Hartsell and Chafe to obtain from the graphical presentation the possible constraints on resources usage.

Regarding **claim 7**, Hartsell and Chafe combined did not teach the additional limitation as claimed. Nevertheless, MacForlane teaches the step of identifying at least one critical resource for each processing system based on its location within the N dimensional capacity space (col. 12, lines 51 – col. 13, lines 4).

It would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to incorporate MacForlane's teaching to the combined teachings of

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Hartsell and Chafe to obtain from the graphical presentation the possible constraints on resources usage.

29. Regarding **claim 8**, Hartsell and Chafe combined did not teach the additional limitation as claimed. Nevertheless, MacForlane teaches the step of identifying at least one available resource in said plurality of processing systems based on its location within the N dimensional capacity space (col. 6, lines 11 – 33, and 53 - 65).

It would have been obvious for one of an ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made to incorporate MacForlane's teaching to the combined teachings of Hartsell and Chafe to obtain from the graphical presentation the possible constraints on resources usage.

30. Claims 9 - 10 are rejected on the same ground as stated above.

Conclusion

- 31. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Srinivasan, US 5,548,506 disclosed of reallocation critical resource.
- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lilian Vo whose telephone number is 703-305-7864. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Thursday, 7:30am 5pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on 703-305-9678. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Lilian Vo Examiner Art Unit 2127

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February 19, 2004

MENG-AL T. AN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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